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CAROLINA NOT SAYING A THING

Mr. J. Saunders Taylor, of Norfolk, Talks Interestingly.

CHAPEL HILL GETS LETTER FROM V. P. I.

Formal Invitation Extended to Carolina to Play Here Next Thanksgiving Day—University Anxious to Announce 1906 Game Will be Played Here.

(Special from a Staff Correspondent.)
NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 4.—Regarding the much discussed question whether or not the University of North Carolina will play in Richmond with the Virginia Polytechnic Institute on Thanksgiving Day, or whether this team will play Virginia in Norfolk on that day, Mr. J. Saunders Taylor, who has active charge of the game for the Norfolk alumni, said today: "I wrote the Executive Committee of the University of North Carolina at the same time I wrote the Athletic Committee of the University of Virginia. The letters were practically the same. I made them, on behalf of the Lafayette Field Association, the same proposition that I made Virginia."

"In reply to my letter I received the following letter from Mr. R. S. Stewart, manager of the North Carolina football team: "December 14, 1904. "Mr. J. Saunders Taylor, Norfolk, Va.: "My Dear Sir—Some time ago you wrote the Executive Committee of the University of North Carolina about moving the Carolina-Virginia game to Norfolk on next Thanksgiving Day. As manager of the Carolina football team, I am directed to say to you that at present we cannot make you any definite promise, but I thank you for your interest, and will let you know immediately after the holidays about the matter. With best wishes, I am "Yours sincerely, "R. S. STEWART, "Manager N. C. Football Team."

Matter Still Open.

"I have just written the manager of the football team of North Carolina of the action of the Board of Governors of the University of North Carolina. I am awaiting a reply. Mr. Taylor was asked if he had any definite information as to what that reply would be. Mr. Taylor said that North Carolina will play here in Norfolk on Thanksgiving Day, but I feel assured that they will, and I place no credence in the report that they will play the Virginia Polytechnic Institute in Richmond. "We Norfolk people regret very much that the changing of the game to Norfolk should have been agitated just after the unfortunate handling of the crowd in Richmond last Thanksgiving. "Previous to Thanksgiving we had a meeting of our board and decided to make a concerted effort to secure the game for Thanksgiving Day of 1905. At a meeting held last week we authorized the Field Committee to proceed to erect additional seats, so that the seating capacity will not be less than 7,000. We will sell reserve seats two months before the game in Richmond, Charlottesville, Raleigh, Charlotte, Greensboro, Danville and all large points, so that every one in Virginia and Carolina will have the same advantages in securing seats as the citizens of Norfolk."

University Anxious.

"At the same meeting a letter was read from the University of Virginia asking if it would be agreeable to Norfolk people for the University authorities to announce publicly that the Thanksgiving Day football game would be played in Richmond in 1906. "I am authorized to write and say that not only had we no objection, but we preferred that the game should be played in Richmond in 1906, and alternated thereafter."

"Of course, if Richmond does not care for the game, we would be glad to have it. "In conclusion, I desire to say that there is no doubt in my mind that Virginia and Carolina will play here in Norfolk on next Thanksgiving Day."

Letter From V. P. I.

Mr. Fay Robertson, captain of the Carolina team, reached last night over long distance phone, stated that a letter was received yesterday morning from V. P. I. inviting Carolina to play the Institute in Richmond next Thanksgiving Day. A meeting of the advisory committee was held during the day and the letter placed before it. No action was taken, though the matter was discussed. Mr. Robertson said that as far as he could learn the sentiment was in favor of Richmond as

INDIANS CHOOSE FOR THEMSELVES

Money Will be Applied to Such Schools as They Select.

PRESIDENT TAKES DECIDED ACTION

Summarily Disposes of Controversy by Directing Department to Continue Its Practice Unless Congress or the Courts Decree Otherwise.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 4.—President Roosevelt has sent a letter to Secretary Hitchcock on the subject of authority for granting contracts for the education of Indians in denominational schools. The President says that inasmuch as the legal authority exists to grant the request of the Indians, unquestionably they are entitled by moral right to have their money used to educate the children at the schools they choose. The President directs that the Interior Department continue the practice unless Congress directs otherwise or the courts hold that the decision of the Department of Justice to this effect is wrong. The President also urges the passage of the Lacey bill authorizing the allotment of annuities in severalty to the Indians in the same as their land is allotted.

J. P. MORGAN'S COUPE PURSUED BY CROWD

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—J. Pierpont Morgan and Mrs. Morgan, in a hired coupe, were subjected to the unpleasant notoriety of being driven along Park Row and the Bowery yesterday, with a policeman on the box beside the driver. The coupe had run down and injured a woman at Bayard Street and the Bowery, and it was not until after a pursuit of more than half a mile, in which police and citizens took part, that the coupe was stopped in front of the City Hotel.

Neither Mr. Morgan nor his wife was aware of the accident until the vehicle was stopped. They had not heard the shouts of pursuit, and when the coupe returned to the scene of the accident they were astonished at the crowd that had followed them.

MERCHANTS BANK NOW RESERVE AGENCY

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The Merchants National Bank of Richmond, Va., has been approved as a reserve agency by the Secretary of the Treasury. The following appointments have been made to the rural carrier force: Frederick County, Va.—James C. B. Sullivan, B. Quinn, substitute. North Carolina: Dement, R. L. No. 3. Ala. M. Reynolds; William J. Joyce, substitute. The following changes in fourth-class postmasters are announced: Tennessee: Bingham, Williamson county—Samuel Mays, to succeed George R. Hughes, resigned. Dull, Dixon county—Elijah W. Daniel, to succeed James F. Williams, removed. Pecosville, Hickman county—William L. Downey, to succeed James L. Catham, resigned. Stewart, Houston county—William W. Clayton, to succeed J. F. Wright, resigned.

WANTS CHRISTIAN IN CHARGE IN MACEDONIA

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, Feb. 4.—The Associated Press learns that Foreign Secretary Lansdowne has definitely proposed to the concert of Europe the appointment of a Christian governor-general of Macedonia, with powers and responsibilities similar to those of Prince George of Crete. Thus far the acknowledgments indicate little sympathy with the British proposition, with the exception of Italy, which approves of it, perhaps because she sees therein a chance to overthrow the predominant influence of Austria and Russia in the Balkans. Lord Lansdowne has also made known that the British government opposes the Austro-Russian scheme for financial control, considering that the finances of Macedonia should be controlled by an international commission or the powers signatory to the Berlin treaty and not by Austro-Russian civil agents.

FATHER AND SON BOTH UNDER INDICTMENT

(By Associated Press.)
SAVANNAH, Ga., Feb. 4.—F. E. McArthur and F. B. McArthur, Jr., father and son, members of the bankrupt firm of McArthur and Son Company, piano makers, have been jointly indicted in three special presentments by the grand jury. A separate indictment also was returned against W. H. McArthur, All of the indictments charge larceny after trust. The alleged misdirection of funds covers a period from August, 1903, until June, 1904. Deputy Sheriff T. J. Sweeney has been notified that the elder McArthur has been arrested in Knoxville and the other in Birmingham. He will leave today to bring them back to Savannah.

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THE HOME OF DR. FREDERICK LEFEW WHERE HE WAS STABBED



DANIEL WILL PRESS BRIDGE MATTER

Not at All Certain, However, That He Can Secure Appropriation.

BOULEVARD TO MT. VERNON

Many Obstacles in Way of Passage of Bill, But It May be Gotten Through.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 4.—Senator Daniel, who is a member of the Committee on Appropriations, has proposed an amendment to the sundry civil bill, which provides that for the appropriation of \$600,000 for the erection of a memorial bridge to span the Potomac at this city. He said today he was not at all certain that he would succeed in having the appropriation made, but that he was going to press his amendment.

"While there are many obstacles in the way of the passage of the bill introduced by Senator Daniel, appropriating \$125,000 for the construction of a boulevard from Washington to Mount Vernon, a distance of fourteen miles, there are chances of its eventually becoming a law. The amount which the bill calls for is the amount loaned the national government by the State of Virginia with which to erect public buildings in Washington when the seat of government was first located here. It has always been impossible to induce the government to settle the claim, though the justice of it is clear. It is argued by some, however, that Virginia gave the money to the national government, and never expected it to be repaid. Certainly to us of a later and probably more commercial generation such generosity seems incredible."

Senator Hale, of Maine, has introduced a bill to appropriate the unclaimed bounty money and arrears of pay due negro soldiers of the Union army in the war between the States for the purpose of breeding in this city a national home for disabled colored people. Senator Gamble is the author of a similar measure. Neither will pass at this session. It is too soon after a Presidential election or rather too long until the next one for the Republican party to make such an appropriation.

SIXTH WIFE OF LATE BRIGHAM YOUNG DEAD

(By Associated Press.)
SALT LAKE CITY, Feb. 4.—Lucy Bigelow Young, sixth wife of the late Brigham Young, former president of the Mormon Church, is dead of pneumonia. Mrs. Young was born in Illinois in 1839 and was married to Brigham Young at Omaha in 1848, coming to Utah immediately thereafter. She was a descendant of the Bigelows of Massachusetts, a daughter of the American Revolution, and a member of the National Council of Women.

MAIL ACROSS THE ICE

The citizens of Warsaw and adjacent villages raised a large purse to-day and had a great quantity of mail brought across the Rappahannock on the ice. Six colored men engaged in the undertaking walked across the river, a distance of two and a half miles, with the mail on their backs, and the people are enjoying to-night the Baltimore, Richmond and Washington papers of yesterday, the first they have seen since January 26th.



BOATS BLOCKED FROM LANDING

Great Shipments of Oysters Which Cannot be Reached.

FIRST MAIL FOR NINE DAYS

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
WARSAW, Va., Feb. 4.—Navigation along the Rappahannock becomes more and more difficult with each passing day. All the Baltimore steamers have discontinued their trips, and the steamer Potomac with great difficulty is running between the lower wharves on the river and Norfolk. Though the river has been blocked above Tappahannock for a week or more, steamers have been able up to Monday to reach Wellford.

STEAMER BLOCKED.

The steamer Potomac, on her return trip from Norfolk this morning, tried for five hours or more to reach Wheelton and Sharp's wharf, in order to get the large shipments of oysters which awaited her, but was prevented from doing so by the heavy ice. At Wheelton alone there was three thousand gallons of shucked oysters and two hundred barrels of barrel stock. Not being able to get the oysters to market means a heavy loss to the shuckers, as the oysters are bringing the highest price of the season, and the demand is great for them.

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EXPLOSION HURLS TRAIN FROM TRACK

Rear Pullman Topped Into Ditch—Cars Thrown Forty Feet.

TWO MEN KILLED; MANY HURT

Among Those Injured Was Judge Hooker, of New York Supreme Court.

(By Associated Press.)
UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 4.—Two trainmen lost their lives and a score of more of passengers were injured in a wreck on the New York Central at Whitesboro, three miles west of here, at an early hour to-day. None of the injured was dangerously hurt, the wounds being mainly cuts and bruises. The dead are John Allen, engineer, and John Brennan, fireman of the locomotive on the Western express.

As the train was passing the Buffalo special east-bound, the boiler of the locomotive of the west-bound train exploded. The force of the explosion and the upheaval of the engine threw the entire train of thirteen cars, composing the "special," from the rails as if it had been a string of toy coaches. The rear Pullmans toppled into a ditch on the side of the track, but the forward cars were hurled in an adjoining field at distances varying from ten to forty feet. Several flew from the supporting trucks and wheels and ploughed deep into snowbanks, their ends being demolished by the impact. The west-bound train did not leave the track.

Among the injured was State Supreme Court Justice Warren B. Hooker, of Fredonia. He was severely bruised. He said he had been thrown with great force from his berth and found himself lying across the woodwork of the opposite compartment. Not until assistance came was the Judge able to leave the car, which was resting on its right side, with its rear end splintered.

Most of the people who were injured were in the sleeping car on the east-bound train that was opposite the engine of the west-bound train at the instant of explosion. This car was lifted from the track and hurled about fifty feet away, and is said to have turned over several times in the flight.

SCHOOL AFIRE; STUDENTS LEAP FROM WINDOWS

(By Associated Press.)
CLARKSBURG, W. VA., Feb. 4.—The main building of the Wesleyan University at Buckhannon was totally destroyed by fire to-day. A panic resulted among the 400 students, and several were compelled to jump from the third floor window into a net. Two were slightly hurt. The fire originated in the boiler-room.

FISHBURNE GIVEN FIVE-YEAR TERM

The Verdict a Compromise, and Does Not Give Satisfaction.

MOTION MADE FOR ANOTHER TRIAL

Community Incensed at Counsel for Defense in Attempt to Discredit Mrs. Moyler's Testimony—Great Sympathy for Fishburne Connection.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
ROANOKE, Va., Feb. 4.—"We, the jury find the prisoner, Charles E. Fishburne, guilty of voluntary manslaughter, and fix his punishment at five years in the penitentiary." This was the verdict in the Fishburne case this morning. There was no rush to the court-room, the crowd coming in very slowly, and there were not more than half a dozen ladies present at 9 o'clock, when the roll of the jury was called by Deputy Clerk Tucker. The space within the bar, usually filled up by the ladies, was occupied by the male sex. The judge had the bench all to himself, and Deputy Clerk Tucker had his box all alone. Mrs. Lefew and Victor and Mrs. Woodruff were not present. Mr. Wirt Lefew was called to Richmond last night by the critical illness of his mother. As Sheriff Tippet started to lead the jury out, he whispered to the judge that they had agreed on a verdict. "Take them out," said the judge. The jury out, the crowd waited in silence, and impressive it was. The young loving wife of the prisoner and his mother sat close to him. Sheriff Tippet entered at 9:30.

The Verdict.

"The jury have agreed on a verdict," said he. They had been out fifteen minutes. The jury filed in and took their places. "Gentlemen of the jury, have you agreed upon a verdict?" asked Deputy Clerk Tucker. "We have," responded the foreman, C. T. Jamison, of Franklin County. "The jury entered at 9:30," said the clerk, then came the words of the verdict.

"The silence was as painful as death. The brave, loving wife of the prisoner, whose presence during the trial did so much to cheer him up, leaned over and clasped his hand. Fishburne started up, the Fishburne family wept, while many others shed tears, and gloom settled over the court-room. The prisoner held up well, but finally gave way to grief and wept.

Moved to Set Aside.

"Gentlemen of the jury," said Judge Allen, "you are discharged." After the jury left, Judge Phlegar, of court for the defense, stated that he would ask that the verdict be set aside—first, on the ground of error in selecting the jury; second, the exceptions that had been filed during the trial, and, third, it was contrary to law and evidence. Court took a recess for half an hour, and at the expiration of the time, court reopened, and Mr. Hall, of the defense, took up the rejection of Mr. Frank Brumbaugh as a juror. He was rejected on account of his long acquaintance with and friendship for the prisoner. Mr. Hall quoted authorities which, he claimed, sustained his position that Mr. Brumbaugh was improperly rejected. He quoted the case of Montague, when it was held that the rejection of jurors would prejudice the case. The defense stated that they would put the rejection of Messrs. Rankin and Hanna with that of Brumbaugh.

He was followed by Judge Phlegar, who argued on the same lines. Commonwealth's Attorney Perkins said in the Montague case the prisoner had been put in jail before the jurors became acquainted with the family. Juror Easel, who, under the circumstances of sympathy, was unwilling to trust himself as a juror. There was no such intimacy as in the Brumbaugh case. Brumbaugh's language necessarily meant that he could not give the prisoner a fair and impartial trial.

Different Case.

Mr. Smith, of the prosecution, said: Brumbaugh first said I have known the prisoner and his people so long I do not feel that I am fit to be a juror on the case. In the Montague case there was no intimacy, and not even an acquaintance between the prisoner and juror. The case of J. M. Draper, a juror in the Fishburne case, was then taken up. Mr. Hale was sworn. He testified that he knew Mr. Draper and heard him say at the fire engine house that he thought Fishburne ought to be lynched. He said if Fishburne was a poor man he would be lynched. Some one said if they get that crippled man they'll hang the jury.

CURRENT EVENTS AS SEEN THROUGH THE CARTOONIST'S GLASSES.

